

## Merthyr Tydfil County Borough Council Annual Audit Summary 2023

This is our audit summary for Merthyr Tydfil County Borough Council. It shows the work completed since the last Annual Audit Summary, which was issued in February 2023. Our audit summary forms part of the Auditor General for Wales' duties.



More information about these duties can be found on our website.

### **About the Council**

## Some of the services the Council provides















#### **Key facts**

The Council is made up of 30 councillors who represent the following political parties:

- Independent Group 15
- Labour 14
- Independent Member 1

The Council spent £142.4 million on providing services<sup>1</sup> during 2022-23<sup>2</sup>.

As at 31 March 2023, the Council had £40.2 million of useable financial reserves<sup>3</sup>. This is equivalent to 28.2% of the Council's annual spending on services<sup>4</sup>.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> We define spending on services as the cost of services charged to the general fund from the Expenditure Funding Analysis, less any Housing Revenue Account cost of services, plus precepts, levies and debt interest.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Source: 2022-23 Statement of Accounts

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> We define useable financial reserves as reserves usable for revenue costs, where the purpose is not protected by law. This is the total of the general fund, earmarked reserves and schools' balances. It excludes Housing Revenue Account reserves, capital receipts and capital grants unapplied.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Source: 2022-23 Statement of Accounts

#### **Key facts**

Merthyr Tydfil has 22% of its 36 areas considered to be within the most deprived 10% of areas in Wales, this is the second highest of the 22 unitary councils in Wales<sup>5</sup>.

The population of Merthyr Tydfil is projected to increase by 4% between 2023 and 2043 from 61,100 to 63,500, including a 4% decrease in the number of children, a 1% increase in the number of the working-age population, and a 22% increase in the number of people aged 65 and over<sup>6</sup>.

## The Auditor General's duties

## We completed work during 2022-23 to meet the following duties

#### Audit of Accounts

Each year the Auditor General audits the Council's financial statements to make sure that public money is being properly accounted for.

#### Value for money

The Auditor General examines whether the Council has put in place arrangements to get value for money for the resources it uses, and he has to be satisfied that it has done this.

#### Sustainable development principle

Public bodies need to comply with the sustainable development principle when setting and taking steps to meet their well-being objectives. The Auditor General must assess the extent to which they are doing this.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> An area in this context is defined as a 'Lower Super Output Area'. Source: Stats Wales

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Source: Stats Wales, Population Projections

## What we found

# **Audit of Merthyr Tyfil County Borough Council's 2022-23 Accounts**

Each year we audit the Council's financial statements.



To meet the Auditor General's duties we complete specific projects, but we also rely on other audit work, and the work of regulators such as Care Inspectorate Wales and Estyn (the education inspectorate). We take the findings of our audit work into account when assessing whether the Council has put in place arrangements to secure value for money. Our findings and conclusions are summarised below.

#### For 2022-23:

- the draft statements were presented for audit on 29 June 2023. This was before the deadline of 31 July 2023 set by the Welsh Government.
- the quality of the draft statements presented for audit was generally good.
- the Auditor General gave an unqualified true and fair opinion on the Authority's financial statements on 29 November 2023, before the deadline agreed with the Welsh Government of 30 November 2023. The audit was delivered later than in previous years, mainly due to the impact of new auditing standard requirements. These were covered in our audit plans considered by the Governance and Audit Committee on 24 April 2023 and 23 October 2023.
- the Authority's Annual Governance Statement and Narrative Report were prepared in line with the CIPFA Code and relevant guidance. They were also consistent with the financial statements prepared by the Authority and with our knowledge of the Authority.
- a number of changes were made to the Authority's financial statements arising from our audit work, which were reported to the Governance and Audit Committee in our Audit of Financial Statements Report in November 2023.
- in addition to the Auditor General's responsibilities for auditing the Authority's financial statements, he also has responsibility for the certification of a number of grant claims and returns. Our work to date has not identified any significant issues.
- the Auditor General issued the certificate confirming that the audit of accounts for 2022-23 has been completed.

#### Assurance and risk assessment review

We reviewed the arrangements the Council has put in place to secure value for money in the use of its resources. We produced the following reports from our assurance and risk assessment work:

- Setting of well-being objectives we looked at the Council's approach to setting its well-being objectives. We found that the Council has applied the sustainable development principle when <u>setting its new well-being objectives</u>, but there is scope to strengthen its arrangements to support effective delivery and monitoring.
- Use of performance information –service user perspective and outcomes we looked at
  the service user perspective and outcome data provided to members and senior officers,
  and how this information is used. We found that <u>performance information provided to
  senior leaders</u> does not generally enable them to understand the perspective of service
  users and the outcomes of the Council's activities. This restricts their ability to understand
  the impact of the Council's services and policies.

### **Digital Strategy**

During 2022-23, we examined the Council's strategic approach to digital, and specifically the extent to which this has been developed in accordance with the sustainable development principle; and that it will help to secure value for money in the use of the Council's resources. We found that the Council has <u>weaknesses</u> in its <u>strategic approach</u> to <u>digital</u> and has not demonstrated that its forthcoming digital strategy will be developed in accordance with the sustainable development principle.

## Other inspectorates

We also took into account the reports of Care Inspectorate Wales (CIW) and Estyn, as well as any subsequent actions taken by the Council in response.

#### Planned work for 2023-24

We also looked at the key challenges and opportunities facing the Council. These could have an effect on the Council's ability to meet its legal obligations in relation to the sustainable development principle and the use of its resources.

Our planned work for 2023-24 includes:

- Assurance and risk assessment which is a consideration of core arrangements and services
- Thematic review financial sustainability
- Thematic review commissioning
- Local review performance management

The Auditor General is independent of government and was appointed by Her Majesty the Queen. The Auditor General undertakes his work using staff and other resources provided by the Wales Audit Office, which is a statutory board established for that purpose and to monitor and advise the Auditor General. The Wales Audit Office is held to account by the Senedd.

The Auditor General audits local government bodies in Wales, including unitary authorities, police, fire and rescue authorities, national parks, and community councils. He also conducts local government value for money studies, assesses compliance with the remaining requirements of the Local Government (Wales) Measure 2009 and may undertake special inspections under the Local Government and Elections (Wales) Act 2021.

Beyond local government, the Auditor General is the external auditor of the Welsh Government and its sponsored and related public bodies, the Senedd Commission, and National Health Service bodies in Wales.

Audit Wales is the non-statutory collective name for the Auditor General for Wales and the Wales Audit Office, which are separate legal entities with their own legal functions, as described above. Audit Wales is not a legal entity.

We welcome correspondence and telephone calls in Welsh and English. Corresponding in Welsh will not lead to delay. Rydym yn croesawu gohebiaeth a galwadau ffôn yn Gymraeg a Saesneg. Ni fydd gohebu yn Gymraeg yn arwain at oedi.

This document is also available in Welsh.